Midpeninsula Regional
Open Space District

R-21-163
Meeting 21-33
December 8, 2021

AGENDA ITEM 3

AGENDA ITEM

Fiscal Year 2021 Annual Financial Report

GENERAL MANAGER'S RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Review and accept the Fiscal Year 2020-21 (FY21) Annual Financial Report.

2. Adopt a resolution approving the transfer of a total of $7.0 million from the General Fund Unassigned Fund balance consisting of: $3.5 million to the Committed for Infrastructure Fund; $1.75 million to the Committed for Future Acquisitions and Capital Projects Fund; and $1.75 million to the Committed for Capital Maintenance Fund.

SUMMARY

Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2021 (FY21) expenditures totaled $75.0 million, which is 10.3% below the final adjusted budget of $83.7 million. The Board of Directors (Board) adopted the final adjusted budget on May 12, 2021 (R-21-59). Revenue for FY21 totaled $70.6 million, or 6.4% above the final projected revenue of $66.4 million.

The Unassigned Fund balance is approximately $7.6 million more than the minimum fund balance requirement of 30% of future budgeted tax revenue. To ensure adequate funding for future acquisitions and other capital projects, the General Manager and Controller recommend a total transfer of $7 million to the following Committed Funds:

$3.50 million to the Committed Fund for Infrastructure
$1.75 million to the Committed Fund for Capital Maintenance
$1.75 million to the Committed Fund for Future Acquisitions and Capital Projects

DISCUSSION

<u>Revenues</u>
The estimated General Fund tax revenue for FY21 was $58.9 million, and the actual amount received as of June 30, 2021 was $62.3 million. In addition, Measure AA bond funds provided $9.3 million for capital improvement projects within the 25 portfolios.

Table 1A – District Revenues by Fund

DISTRICT REVENUES (By Fund)	FY21 Adopted Budget	FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	FY21 Year-End Actuals	$ Change from FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	% Revenues of FY21 Final Adjusted Budget
Fund 10 - General Fund Operating	$ 56,891,245	$ 58,950,112	$ 62,323,956	$ 3,373,844	106%
Fund 20 - Hawthorn Fund	$ 13,500	$ 13,500	$ 5,704	$ (7,796)	42%
Fund 30 - Measure AA Capital	$ 2,032,984	$ 2,176,484	$ 2,579,790	$ 403,306	119%
Fund 40 - General Fund Capital	$ -	$ 196,000	$ 227,952	$ 31,952	116%
Fund 50 - Debt Service	$ 6,241,040	$ 5,041,040	$ 5,474,549	$ 433,509	109%
TOTAL DISTRICT REVENUES	**$ 65,178,769**	**$ 66,377,136**	**$ 70,611,951**	**$ 4,234,815**	**106%**

Expenditures

The District ended the year with total expenditures of $75.0 million, which is approximately $8.6 million or 10.3% below the final adjusted budget. Excluding capital expenditures and debt service, total operating expenditures were $34.2 million, which is $2.4 million, or approximately 6.5% below the final adjusted budget. The District's FY21 total expenditures remained within the approved budget. Expenditures by category are listed in Table 1B and by fund in Table 1C.

Table 1B– District Budget & Expenditures by Category

DISTRICT EXPENDITURES (By Fund)	FY21 Adopted Budget	FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	FY21 Year-End Actuals	$ Change from FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	% Spent of FY21 Final Adjusted Budget
Fund 10 - General Fund Operating	$ 36,773,825	$ 36,538,475	$ 33,667,718	$ (2,870,757)	92%
Fund 20 - Hawthorn Fund	$ 110,200	$ 62,200	$ 23,186	$ (39,014)	37%
Fund 30 - Measure AA Capital	$ 11,868,588	$ 15,106,386	$ 12,406,218	$ (2,700,168)	82%
Fund 40 - General Fund Capital	$ 15,856,328	$ 15,312,048	$ 12,276,840	$ (3,035,208)	80%
Fund 50 - Debt Service	$ 16,640,925	$ 16,640,925	$ 16,640,925	$ -	100%
TOTAL DISTRICT EXPENDITURES	**$ 81,249,866**	**$ 83,660,034**	**$ 75,014,887**	**$ (8,645,147)**	**90%**

Table 1C – District Budget & Expenditures by Fund

DISTRICT EXPENDITURES (All Funds)	FY21 Adopted Budget	FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	FY21 Year-End Actuals	$ Change from FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	% Spent of FY21 Final Adjusted Budget
Salaries and Benefits	**$ 25,633,171**	**$ 25,715,171**	**$ 25,490,539**	**$ (224,632)**	**99%**
Services and Supplies	**$ 11,202,854**	**$ 10,885,504**	**$ 8,743,629**	**$ (2,141,875)**	**80%**
Total Operating Expenditures	$ 36,836,025	$ 36,600,675	$ 34,234,168	$ (2,366,507)	**94%**
Capital/Fixed Asset Expenditures	**$ 27,772,916**	**$ 30,418,434**	**$ 24,139,794**	**$ (6,278,640)**	**79%**
Debt Service	**$ 16,640,925**	**$ 16,640,925**	**$ 16,640,925**	**$ -**	**100%**
Total Non-Operating Expenditures	$ 44,413,841	$ 47,059,359	$ 40,780,719	$ (6,278,640)	87%
TOTAL DISTRICT EXPENDITURES	$ 81,249,866	$ 83,660,034	$ 75,014,887	$ (8,645,147)	90%

Fund Balance

Before budget adjustments, the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance increased by $8.0 million from $17.0 million to $25.0 million. The District's Fund Balance policy, as adopted by the Board of Directors on October 26, 2016, states that the District is required to maintain a minimum unassigned fund of 30% of budgeted tax revenues. The budgeted tax revenue for FY22 is $57,778,577, requiring the District to maintain a minimum General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance of $17,333,573.

The General Manager and Controller recommend a transfer of $7.0 million from the Unassigned Fund Balance consisting of the following amounts: $3.5 million to the Committed Fund for Infrastructure; $1,75 million to the Committed Fund for Capital Maintenance; and $1.75 million to the Committed Fund for Future Acquisitions and Capital Projects. This transfer will set aside additional reserve funds as the District continues to move forward with land acquisition, acquisition/construction of future District facilities in the Coastal Area, and build-out of other facility/infrastructure projects. After the proposed transfers, the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance will be $18.0 million, which is $0.7 million above the required $15,733,573 (30% of FY22 projected property tax revenues). A summary of the balances for all District funds (inclusive of the transfer) as of June 30, 2021 is shown in Table 2:

Table 2 – District Fund Balances (All Governmental Funds)

Fund	Balance as of 6/30/2021	Transfer	*Balance - proposed*	Minimum Required GF Unassigned Fund Balance	Balance Above Minimum Required
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditures	$ 291,297		$ 291,297	N/A	N/A
Restricted for debt service	$ 4,229,931		$ 4,229,931	N/A	N/A
Restricted for Measure AA Projects	$ 22,134,964		$ 22,134,964	N/A	N/A
Restricted for Hawthorn maintenance	$ 1,500,736		$ 1,500,736	N/A	N/A
Restricted for General Fund Capital Projects	$ 482,524		$ 482,524	N/A	N/A
Restricted for Pension	$ 6,374,997		$ 6,374,997	N/A	N/A
Committed for Equipment Replacement	$ 3,000,000		$ 3,000,000	N/A	N/A
Committed for Capital Maintenance & Repairs	$ 5,500,000	$ 1,750,000	$ 7,250,000	N/A	N/A
Committed for Future Acquisitions & Capital Projects	$ 10,200,000	$ 1,750,000	$ 11,950,000	N/A	N/A
Committed for Promissory Note	$ 1,200,000		$ 1,200,000	N/A	N/A
General Fund Infrastructure Reserve Fund	$ 13,687,084	$ 3,500,000	$ 17,187,084	N/A	N/A
Assigned for ongoing capital projects	$ 2,891,390		$ 2,891,390	N/A	N/A
General Fund Unassigned Fund	$ 24,973,643	$ (7,000,000)	$ 17,973,643	17,333,573	$ 640,070
	$ 96,466,566	**$ -**	**$ 96,466,566**	**$ 17,333,573**	**$ 640,070**

Operating Expenditures

Salaries and benefits ended the year at $25.5 million, or 0.9% below the final adjusted budget. However, this does not include a $1.0 million contribution to the Section 115 Trust established as an investment vehicle to make prepayments towards the District's unfunded pension liability. For accounting purposes, this transfer of cash and the expenditure is not recorded until the Section 115 funds are forwarded to CalPERS. Salary savings were due to several vacancies during the course of the fiscal year, particularly as the hiring process slowed due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenditures for Services and Supplies were $2.1 million or 19.7% below budget primarily due to lower than budgeted spending in contract and outside services in most departments, as well as reduced maintenance expenses. The effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic slowed the pace of expenditure and project execution.

Fixed Assets and Capital Projects

Expenditures for capital projects ended the year at $24.1 million, or approximately 20.6% below the final adjusted budget. Capital project delays were associated with the following factors:

- COVID-19 impacts that affected project schedules (supply-chain disruptions, outside labor shortage, delayed permits/regulatory agency reviews)
- Higher than usual carry-over of invoice payments to the following fiscal year due a delayed invoice for the AO project (approx. $2.2 million)
- Changes to scope/tasks (including re-bidding and value engineering) that extended the project schedule and the start of contracted work for several construction projects.

Land and Associated Costs

During the FY21, the District purchased and preserved approximately 686 acres of open space land at a total cost of $7.6 million (net cost of $6.2 million after $1.4 million of grant funding). Highlights of land additions include:

- South Cowell Ranch – acquisition of 371 acres as a 54% undivided interest from POST
- Billingsley – a 130-acre addition to Sierra Azul Open Space Preserve
- San Jose Water Company – a 182-acre addition to El Sereno Open Space Preserve

Long-Term Debt and Debt Service

Debt service expenses in FY21 totaled $16.6 million, consisting of $8.4 million in principal, $8.2 million in interest. The total also includes $6.0 million for debt service on Measure AA General Obligation bonds.

Past Budget Performance

Table 3 below presents a comparison of FY21 budget performance to the prior four fiscal years. Overall budgeted expenditures have historically ranged between 86% and 99% of the actual amounts.

As a reminder, land acquisitions are funded through budget amendments at the time the Board considers the purchase to reflect the opportunistic nature of land purchases, which are not guaranteed until an offer is accepted, the purchase approved, and escrow closed. This funding approach for land acquisitions produces a more predictable overall budget utilization rate in the long term.

Table 3 – Past Performance

DISTRICT EXPENDITURES	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21
Operating Expenses	94%	90%	90%	87%	94%
Capital (CAPEX)	99%	79%	79%	76%	79%
Land & Assoc. Costs	101%	92%	92%	96%	82%
Debt Service	112%	102%	100%	100%	100%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	**86%**	**99%**	**90%**	**97%**	**90%**

Hawthorn Fund

The FY21 expenditures from the Hawthorn Fund totaled $23,186, which is 62.7% below the final adjusted budget of $62,200 (Table 4). Basic repairs and ongoing property maintenance were completed in FY21.

Table 4 – Hawthorn Fund Budget and Expenditures

Budget Category	FY21 Adopted Budget	FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	FY21 Year-End Actuals	$ Change from FY21 Final Adjusted Budget	% Spent of FY21 Final Adjusted Budget
Operating Expenses	$ 62,200	$ 62,200	$ 23,186	$ (39,014)	37%
Capital Expenses	$ 48,000	$ -	$ -	$ -	N/A
HAWTHORN TOTAL	**$ 110,200**	**$ 62,200**	**$ 23,186**	**$ (39,014)**	**37%**

The Hawthorn Endowment Fund balance as of June 30, 2021 is $1.5 million.

FISCAL IMPACT

Approval of the proposed Fund Balance transfer results in a net-zero change to the General Fund, decreasing the General Fund Unassigned Fund by $7.0 million and increasing the:

Committed Fund for Infrastructure by $3.50 million
Committed Fund for Capital Maintenance by $1.75 million
Committed Fund for Future Acquisitions and Capital Projects by $1.75 million

Table 5 – Proposed Fiscal Impact

Fund	Balance as of 6/30/2021	Transfer	*Balance - proposed*	Minimum Required GF Unassigned Fund Balance	Balance Above Minimum Required
General Fund Unassigned Fund	$ 24,973,643	$ (7,000,000)	$ 17,973,643	$ 17,333,573	$ 640,070
Committed for Infrastructure	$ 13,687,084	$ 3,500,000	$ 17,187,084		
Committed for Capital Maintenance	$ 5,500,000	$ 1,750,000	$ 7,250,000		
Committed for Future Acquistions & Capital Projects	$ 10,200,000	$ 1,750,000	$ 11,950,000	N/A	N/A

BOARD AND COMMITTEE REVIEW

There was no prior Board Committee review for this agenda item.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public notice was provided as required by the Brown Act. No additional notice is required.

CEQA COMPLIANCE

This item is not a project subject to the California Environmental Quality Act.

NEXT STEPS

With the Board's acceptance of the audited financial statements, staff will proceed with final submission of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) to the Government Finance Officers Association award program.

Attachments:
1. Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021
2. Resolution approving the transfer of funds from the Unassigned Fund into the Committed for Infrastructure, the Committed Fund for Capital Maintenance, and the Committed Fund for Future Acquisitions & Capital Projects

Responsible Department Head:
Stefan Jaskulak, Chief Financial Officer/Director of Administrative Services

Prepared by:
Andrew Taylor, Finance Manager

ATTACHMENT 1

MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
JUNE 30, 2021

* * *

Chavan & Associates, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
15105 Concord Circle, Ste. 130
Morgan Hill, CA 95037

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Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District
Santa Clara County, California
Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

Financial Section

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Chavan and Associates, llp
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District
Los Altos, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund for Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Certified Public Accountants

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information for the general fund, schedule of pension plan contributions, schedule of net pension liability proportionate share, schedule of contributions for postemployment benefits, and schedule of changes in net OPEB liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary comparison information for the capital projects funds and the debt service fund, the schedule of program expenditures for the Measure AA Bond Program, and the statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of program expenditures for the Measure AA Bond Program is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of program expenditures for the Measure AA Bond Program is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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The introductory section, budgetary comparison information for the capital projects funds and the debt service fund, and statistical sections included have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C & A LLP

November 22, 2021
San Jose, California

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MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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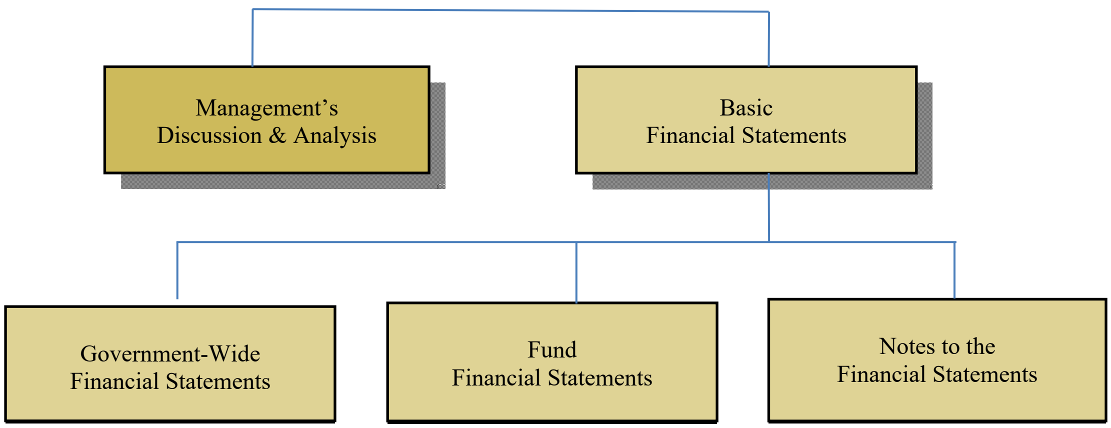
INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to present a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended on June 30, 2021. This report will (1) focus on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the District's financial position, (4) identify any individual fund issues or concerns, and (5) provide descriptions of significant asset and debt activity. This information, presented in conjunction with the annual Basic Financial Statements, is intended to provide a comprehensive understanding of the District's operations and financial standing.

Required Components of the Annual Financial Report



OVERVIEW AND USE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements and notes. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as an entire operating entity by providing an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities is comprised of the government-wide financial statements and provides information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances as well as a longer-term view of those finances. Fund Financial Statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The Basic Financial Statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The full annual financial report is a product of three separate parts: the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and this section, the Management's Discussion and Analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive financial overview of the District. The basic financials are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and fund statements.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. These fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
- Notes to the financial statements, provide more detailed data and provide explanations to some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information section provides further explanations and additional support for the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year 2020-2021. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting practices used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, whether the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities which reflect the District's programs and services. The District does not have any business type activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As the overall economy continued to grow throughout the Silicon Valley, the District witnessed further strong growth in the assessed valuation of both secured and unsecured property within its boundaries. The 2019-20 assessed valuation reports released in August 2019 showed District-wide assessed values increasing by 9.3% (6.3% in Santa Clara and 16.7% in San Mateo). The District received 67% of its tax revenue from Santa Clara County and 33% from San Mateo County.

Other financial highlights included:

- Tax revenue related to the GO bonds amounted to $5.4 million.
- Purchased $24.5 million in land and associated structures funded through bonds, taxes and grants.
- The District recorded deferred outflows of resources of $4,933,749 and deferred inflows of resources of $2,042,143 as required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 for pension and other postemployment benefit accounting and reporting. Deferred outflows of resources are technically not assets but increase the Statement of Net Position similar to an asset and deferred inflows of resources are technically not liabilities but decrease the Statement of Net Position similar to liabilities. See Note 1 in the notes to financial statements for a definition.
- The District's Section 115 irrevocable trust for pension liabilities held with the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) had a value of $6,374,997 at year end.
- Fully funded the District's other postemployment benefits plan according to the actuarially determined contribution for current year, as noted in the schedule of contribution for postemployment benefits.

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2021 fiscal year by $415 million. Of this total net position, $383 million, or 92%, was the District's net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of related debt).

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses one operating fund, the General Fund, to account for a multitude of financial transactions, two capital project funds to account for capital projects, and one debt service fund to account for debt service payments.

Governmental Funds

The General Fund is a governmental fund type and is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as compared to last period:

Table 1 - Summary of Statement of Net Position

	2021	2020	Change	Percentage Change
Assets				
Current Assets	$ 103,800,970	$ 105,437,703	$ (1,636,733)	-1.55%
Other Noncurrent Assets	431,464	488,551	(57,087)	-11.68%
Capital Assets	547,306,791	526,101,317	21,205,474	4.03%
Total Assets	$ 651,539,225	$ 632,027,571	$ 19,511,654	3.09%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	$ 12,639,201	$ 13,272,759	$ (633,558)	-4.77%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	$ 18,126,035	$ 16,110,600	$ 2,015,435	12.51%
Noncurrent Liabilities	228,565,745	235,321,577	(6,755,832)	-2.87%
Total Liabilities	$ 246,691,780	$ 251,432,177	$ (4,740,397)	-1.89%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$ 2,042,143	$ 1,786,447	$ 255,696	14.31%
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	$ 382,787,610	$ 371,186,303	$ 11,601,307	3.13%
Restricted	5,730,667	6,277,961	(547,294)	-8.72%
Unrestricted	26,926,226	14,617,442	12,308,784	84.21%
Total Net Position	$ 415,444,503	$ 392,081,706	$ 23,362,797	5.96%

Total net position increased by $23.4 million, as revenues exceeded expenses. Current assets decreased mainly due to the use of cash and investments to pay for capital outlay and retirement of long-term debt. Capital assets increased by $21.2 million mostly from the purchase of land and related infrastructure. Principal payments on outstanding bonds and promissory notes were the main reason for the $6.8 million decrease in noncurrent liabilities.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for 2021 as compared to period 2020.

Table 2 - Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2021	2020	Change	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Program revenues	$ 5,178,497	$ 5,948,662	$ (770,165)	-12.95%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	62,476,170	57,250,664	5,225,506	9.13%
Investment earnings	1,978,944	2,307,193	(328,249)	-14.23%
Miscellaneous	975,559	1,556,894	(581,335)	-37.34%
Total Revenues	70,609,170	67,063,413	3,545,757	5.29%
Program Expenses				
Land preservation	38,861,076	32,482,326	6,378,750	19.64%
Interest	8,355,566	9,873,539	(1,517,973)	-15.37%
Total Expenses	47,216,642	42,355,865	4,860,777	11.48%
Change in Net Position	23,392,528	24,707,548	(1,315,020)	-5.32%
Adjustments to Beginning Net Position	(29,731)	-	(29,731)	100.00%
Beginning Net Position	392,081,706	367,374,158	24,707,548	6.73%
Ending Net Position	$ 415,444,503	$ 392,081,706	$ 23,362,797	5.96%

There was an increase in change in net position of $23.4 million, as revenues exceeded expenses. Property taxes increased because property values in Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties increased during the assessment period by approximately 9%. Expenses increased mostly because of higher pension and OPEB expenses from valuation adjustments and benefits payments.

THE DISTRICT'S FUND BALANCE

Table 3 provides an analysis of the District's fund balances and the total change in fund balances from the prior year.

Table 3 - Summary of Fund Balance (All Governmental Funds)

	2021						
	General Fund	Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	GF Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	2020	Percentage Change
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditure	$ 291,297	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 291,297	$ 205,929	41%
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-	4,229,931	4,229,931	4,813,811	-12%
Restricted for Measure AA Projects	-	22,134,964	-	-	22,134,964	32,301,379	-31%
Restricted for Hawthorn maintenance	1,500,736	-	-	-	1,500,736	1,464,150	2%
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	482,524	-	482,524	6,843,580	-93%
Restricted for pension	6,374,997	-	-	-	6,374,997	4,063,202	57%
Committed for infrastructure	17,187,084	-	-	-	17,187,084	18,618,465	-8%
Committed for equipment replacement	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	0%
Committed for capital maintenance	7,250,000	-	-	-	7,250,000	5,000,000	45%
Committed for future acquisitions and capital projects	11,950,000	-	-	-	11,950,000	6,000,000	99%
Committed for promissory note	1,200,000	-	-	-	1,200,000	900,000	33%
Assigned for ongoing projects	2,891,390	-	-	-	2,891,390	710,000	307%
Unassigned	17,973,643	-	-	-	17,973,643	16,978,717	6%
Total Fund Balance	$ 69,619,147	$ 22,134,964	$ 482,524	$ 4,229,931	$ 96,466,566	$ 100,899,233	-4%

In accordance with the District's thirty-year strategic plan, the Board of Directors committed an additional $5.95 million in 2021 for future acquisitions and capital projects. This was an increase to its existing reserves for infrastructure, equipment replacement, and capital maintenance. See Note 1 in the notes to the basic financial statements of the audit report for a description of each commitment.

The fund balances restricted for debt service in the Debt Service Fund, Measure AA Capital Projects, and Capital Projects decreased by 12%, 31%, and 93%, respectively due to debt service payments in the Debt Service Fund and on-going capital projects in the Measure AA fund and Capital Projects fund during the year ended June 30, 2021. The fund balance restricted for pensions in the General Fund increased by 57% as the District made additional contributions to the PARS section 115 trust for future pension payments. The fund balance committed for promissory notes in the General Fund increased by 33% as the District committed more towards the future debt service payments. The fund balance assigned for ongoing projects in the General Fund increased by 307% based on the status of on-going projects and related construction contracts as of June 30, 2021.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and in the modified accrual basis of accounting.

During the course of 2021, the District revised its General Fund budget, which resulted in a decrease in budgeted expenditures of $283,350 from the original to final budget. The revenue was revised from $56.9 million to $58.96 million due to an increase in property taxes. A summary of the original and final budget is presented below:

Table 4 - Summary of Original to Final Budgets

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Actuals	Final Budget vs. Actuals
Revenues					
Property taxes	$ 53,487,274	$ 55,689,641	$ 2,202,367	$ 57,048,132	$ 1,358,491
Grant revenues	293,500	150,000	(143,500)	195,085	45,085
Property management	1,729,450	1,729,450	-	2,297,444	567,994
Investment earnings	907,760	907,760	-	1,810,659	902,899
Other revenues	486,761	486,761	-	975,559	488,798
Total Revenues	56,904,745	58,963,612	2,058,867	62,326,879	3,363,267
Expenditures					
Salaries and employee benefits	25,633,171	25,715,171	82,000	24,947,275	767,896
Services and supplies	11,202,854	10,885,504	(317,350)	8,743,629	2,141,875
Capital outlay	48,000	-	(48,000)	-	-
Total Expenses	36,884,025	36,600,675	(283,350)	33,690,904	2,909,771
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	20,020,720	22,362,937	1,775,517	28,635,975	6,273,038
Transfers in (out)	(20,120,191)	(20,120,191)	-	(15,916,159)	4,204,032
Net Change in Fund Balance	$ (99,471)	$ 2,242,746	$ 1,775,517	$ 12,719,816	$ 10,477,070

CAPITAL ASSETS

Table 5 shows 2021 capital asset balances as compared to 2020.

Table 5 - Summary of Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

	2021	2020	Change	Percentage Change
Land	$ 458,284,610	$ 450,098,759	$ 8,185,851	1.82%
Construction-in-Progress	22,146,971	17,313,507	4,833,464	27.92%
Structure and Improvements	21,913,178	19,118,187	2,794,991	14.62%
Infrastructure	42,850,497	37,093,321	5,757,176	15.52%
Equipment	973,781	1,092,107	(118,326)	-10.83%
Vehicles	1,137,754	1,385,436	(247,682)	-17.88%
Total Capital Assets - Net	$ 547,306,791	$ 526,101,317	$ 21,205,474	4.03%

Additional detail and information on capital asset activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, note 5.

LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Table 6 summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities from 2021 to 2020.

Table 6 - Summary of Long-term Liabilities

	2021	2020	Change	Percentage Change
Promissory Notes	$ 36,985,399	$ 37,938,606	$ (953,207)	-2.51%
Bonds	182,409,892	190,555,234	(8,145,342)	-4.27%
Net Pension Liability	13,470,046	11,828,627	1,641,419	13.88%
Net OPEB Liability	1,379,753	1,500,844	(121,091)	-8.07%
Compensated Absences	2,905,282	2,777,151	128,131	4.61%
Total Long-term Liabilities	$ 237,150,372	$ 244,600,462	$ (7,450,090)	-3.05%

Additional detail and information on long-term liabilities activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, note 6.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Board of Directors adopted the District's budget for fiscal year 2021-22 on June 9, 2021. This budget assumes $69.2 million in revenues and a growth in general fund property tax income of 8.02% over the prior year's adopted budget. This budget funds $36.0 million of capital spending, of which $8.7. million is expected to qualify for reimbursement from Measure AA GO bond funds. General Fund operating expenditures are budgeted at $38.1. million, a 8.92% increase over the prior year's adopted budget. Debt service is budgeted at $16.0 million, with $5.3 million related to the Measure AA general obligation bonds. If all revenues, expenditures (including debt service) occur as budgeted, the District's overall cash balances would increase by approximately $0.5 million.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Office, Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District, 330 Distel Circle, Los Altos, California 94022.

MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

Basic Financial Statements

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire District's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the District's assets and all its liabilities, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis. The effect of all of the District's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between District funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the District's total assets and the District's total liabilities, including all the District's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position presents information in a way that focuses the reader on the composition of the District's net position, by subtracting total liabilities from total assets.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the District's Governmental Activities in a single column. The District's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Debt Service Funds.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the District's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the District's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the District's expenses first, listed by program. Program revenues – that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs - are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental program. The District's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the District and the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Financing Authority. This entity is legally separate but is a component unit of the District because it is controlled by the District, which is financially accountable for the Authority's activities.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	$	103,028,263
Accounts receivable:		
Interest		5,872
Other		101,667
Taxes receivable		345,073
Other current assets		320,095
Total current assets		103,800,970
Noncurrent assets:		
Notes receivable		71,728
Unamortized issuance costs		359,736
Non-depreciable capital assets		480,431,581
Capital assets, net of depreciation		66,875,210
Total noncurrent assets		547,738,255
Total Assets	$	651,539,225
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
OPEB adjustments	$	847,395
Pension adjustments		4,086,354
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt		7,705,452
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	$	12,639,201
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	$	5,821,678
Deposits payable		60,584
Payroll and other liabilities		1,452,142
Accrued interest		2,207,004
Current portion of long-term liabilities		8,584,627
Total current liabilities		18,126,035
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities - net of current portion		228,565,745
Total Liabilities	$	246,691,780
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB adjustments	$	231,079
Pension adjustments		1,811,064
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	$	2,042,143
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	$	382,787,610
Restricted for:		
Debt service		4,229,931
Hawthorne maintenance		1,500,736
Total restricted		5,730,667
Unrestricted		26,926,226
Total Net Position	$	415,444,503

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services	Program Revenues: Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities				
Land preservation	$ 38,861,076	$ 2,297,444	$ 2,881,053	$ (33,682,579)
Interest and fiscal charges	8,355,566	-	-	(8,355,566)
Total governmental activitie:	$ 47,216,642	$ 2,297,444	$ 2,881,053	(42,038,145)
General revenues and special item				
Property taxes				62,476,170
Investment earning:				1,978,944
Other revenue:				975,559
Total general revenues and special iten				65,430,673
Change in net positior				23,392,528
Net position beginning				392,081,706
Prior period adjustment:				(29,731)
Net position beginning as adjuste				392,051,975
Net position ending				$ 415,444,503

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the District.

Fund Title	Fund Description
General Fund	The fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, grant revenues and interest income. Expenditures are made for land preservation and other operating expenditures.
Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	This fund is used to account for resources from bond proceeds and expenditures for capital projects related to the Measure AA GO Bond.
GF Capital Projects Fund	This fund is used to account for expenditures for capital projects not related to any other capital projects funds.
Debt Service Fund	This fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Resources are provided by General Fund transfers and interest income on unspent funds.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	GF Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments	$ 74,592,801	$ 23,662,618	$ 482,524	$ 4,290,320	$ 103,028,263
Receivables:					
Interest	5,872	-	-	-	5,872
Other	101,667	-	-	-	101,667
Taxes receivable	311,336	-	-	33,737	345,073
Other current assets	320,095	-	-	-	320,095
Due from other funds	1,134,326	-	4,251,349	-	5,385,675
Notes receivable	71,728	-	-	-	71,728
Total Assets	$ 76,537,825	$ 23,662,618	$ 4,733,873	$ 4,324,057	$ 109,258,373
Liabilities					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	$ 1,121,799	$ 448,530	$ 4,251,349	$ -	$ 5,821,678
Deposits payable	60,584	-	-	-	60,584
Due to other funds	4,251,349	1,040,200	-	94,126	5,385,675
Payroll and other liabilities	1,413,218	38,924	-	-	1,452,142
Total Liabilities	6,846,950	1,527,654	4,251,349	94,126	12,720,079
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenues	71,728	-	-	-	71,728
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid expenditures	291,297	-	-	-	291,297
Restricted for:					
Debt service	-	-	-	4,229,931	4,229,931
Measure AA capital projects	-	22,134,964	-	-	22,134,964
Hawthorn maintenance	1,500,736	-	-	-	1,500,736
Capital projects	-	-	482,524	-	482,524
Pension	6,374,997	-	-	-	6,374,997
Committed for:					
Infrastructure	17,187,084	-	-	-	17,187,084
Equipment replacement	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000
Capital maintenance	7,250,000	-	-	-	7,250,000
Future acquisitions and capital projects	11,950,000	-	-	-	11,950,000
Promissory note	1,200,000	-	-	-	1,200,000
Assigned for:					
Ongoing Projects	2,891,390	-	-	-	2,891,390
Unassigned	17,973,643	-	-	-	17,973,643
Total Fund Balance	69,619,147	22,134,964	482,524	4,229,931	96,466,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	$ 76,537,825	$ 23,662,618	$ 4,733,873	$ 4,324,057	$ 109,258,373

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Districi

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Positioi
June 30, 2021

Total fund balance - governmental funds		$ 96,466,566
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Capital assets at cost	$ 573,966,696	
Accumulated depreciation	(26,659,905)	547,306,791
Principal on notes receivables are recorded as unearned revenue in the funds, which upon collection is a current financial resource. In the government-wide financial statements, repayment of the principal amount does not generate revenue in the statement of activities; therefore, unearned revenue is not recorded.		71,728
The difference between OPEB plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the statement of net position.		616,316
The difference between pension plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the statement of net position.		2,275,290
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		(2,207,004)
Discounts and premiums related to bond issues are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the fund financial statements but are recorded as assets or liabilities and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position:		
Premium	$ 23,025,515	
Issuance cost	(359,736)	(22,665,779)
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized on a straight line basis over the original life of the defeased bond.		7,705,452
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consists of:		
Bonds	164,235,000	
Net pension liability	13,470,046	
Promissory notes	32,134,776	
Compensated absences	2,905,282	
Net OPEB liability	1,379,753	(214,124,857)
Total net position - governmental activities		$ 415,444,503

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Districı

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balanc
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	GF Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	$ 57,048,132	$ -	$ -	$ 5,428,038	$ 62,476,170
Grant income	195,085	2,482,991	196,000	6,977	2,881,053
Property management	2,297,444	-	-	-	2,297,444
Investment earnings	1,810,659	96,799	31,952	39,534	1,978,944
Other revenues	978,340	-	-	-	978,340
Total revenues	62,329,660	2,579,790	227,952	5,474,549	70,611,951
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Land preservation:					
Salaries and employee benefits	24,947,275	543,264	-	-	25,490,539
Services and supplies	8,743,629	-	-	-	8,743,629
Capital outlay	-	11,862,954	12,276,840	-	24,139,794
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	8,395,000	8,395,000
Interest	-	-	-	8,245,925	8,245,925
Total expenditures	33,690,904	12,406,218	12,276,840	16,640,925	75,014,887
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	28,638,756	(9,826,428)	(12,048,888)	(11,166,376)	(4,402,936)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	5,644,822	10,582,496	16,227,318
Transfers out	(15,916,159)	(311,159)	-	-	(16,227,318)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(15,916,159)	(311,159)	5,644,822	10,582,496	-
Net changes in fund balance	12,722,597	(10,137,587)	(6,404,066)	(583,880)	(4,402,936)
Fund balance beginning	56,940,463	32,301,379	6,843,580	4,813,811	100,899,233
Prior period adjustment	(43,913)	(28,828)	43,010	-	(29,731)
Fund balance beginning - as adjusted	56,896,550	32,272,551	6,886,590	4,813,811	100,869,502
Fund balance ending	$ 69,619,147	$ 22,134,964	$ 482,524	$ 4,229,931	$ 96,466,566

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds		$ (4,402,936)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset additions	$ 24,545,068	
Depreciation expense	(3,339,594)	21,205,474
Repayment of notes receivable is reported as revenue in the governmental funds because financial resources were received and available during the fiscal year. In the statement of net position, the payment reduces the principal balance of notes receivable and does not generate revenue in the statement of activities.		(2,781)
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded in the governmental funds but is required to be recorded under the accrual basis of accounting in the government wide financial statements.		(534,303)
The governmental funds report debt proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:		
Debt service principal payments		8,395,000
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt is amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities. Amortization expense is not reported in the governmental funds.		(845,125)
Prepaid issuance costs, discounts and premiums related to bond issues are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the fund financial statements but are recorded as assets or liabilities and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position:		
Amortization of issuance costs and premiums - net		1,183,542
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for those items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This year, vacation earned exceeded the amounts used.		(128,131)
In governmental funds, actual contributions to pension and OPEB plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year pension and OPEB expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.		(1,564,457)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		86,245
Change in net position of governmental activities		$ 23,392,528

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General

The Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District) was formed in 1972 to acquire and preserve public open space land in northern and western portions of Santa Clara County. In June 1976, the southern and eastern portions of San Mateo County were annexed to the District. The District annexed a small portion of the northern tip of Santa Cruz County in 1992. In September 2004, the District completed the Coastside Protection Program, which extended the District boundaries to the Pacific Ocean in San Mateo County, from the southern borders of Pacifica to the San Mateo/Santa Cruz County line.

B. Accounting Principles

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

C. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements present the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District and its component unit. The component unit discussed in the following paragraph is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District.

Blended Component Unit. The District and the County of Santa Clara entered into a joint exercise of powers agreement dated May 1, 1996, creating the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Financing Authority (the Authority), pursuant to the California Government Code. The District is financially accountable for the Authority, as it appoints a voting majority of the governing board; is able to impose its will in the Authority; and the Authority provides specific financial benefits to, and imposes specific financial burdens on, the District. The Authority was formed for the sole purpose of providing financing assistance to the District to fund the acquisition of land to preserve and use as open space. As such, the Authority is an integral part of the District, and accordingly, all of the Authority's activity is blended within the accompanying debt service fund.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include the reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows, current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

E. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal period in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal period or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 90 days after period-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value ***without*** directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the period when the resources are to be used or the fiscal period when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows:

A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

When applicable, unamortized portions of the gain and loss on refunding debt are reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, respectively. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported for the changes related to benefit plans. In addition, when an asset is recorded in governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, a deferred inflow of resources is reported until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets (such as cash) are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements (such as qualified expenditures) are met are recorded as liabilities from unearned revenue.

Unavailable Revenue:

In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized into four funds with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. The District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The District reported all of its funds as major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, grant revenues and interest income. Expenditures are made for land preservation and other operating expenditures.

Measure AA Capital Projects Fund. The Measure AA Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources from bond proceeds and expenditures for capital projects related to the Measure AA GO Bond.

GF Capital Projects Fund. GF Capital Projects Fund is used to account for expenditures for capital projects not related to any other capital projects funds.

Debt Service Fund. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Resources are provided by tax revenue, General Fund transfers, and interest income on unspent funds.

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District's Board of Directors adopts an annual operating budget for the District by major fund, on or before June 30, for the ensuing fiscal period. The Board of Directors may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal period. The legal level of control, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget, is at the category level.

H. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District’s cash deposits are considered to be cash on hand and cash in banks. Cash and Cash Equivalents are generally considered short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the purchase date.

2. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach - This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.

- Cost approach - This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.

- Income approach - This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

3. Prepaid Expenditures

The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefiting period.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at cost when historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the time of acquisition plus ancillary charges, if any. Donated works of art and similar items and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are reported at acquisition value. The District utilizes a capitalization threshold of $1 for land, $25,000 for equipment, fixtures and vehicles, $50,000 for infrastructure, improvements, buildings and structures.

Projects under construction are recorded at cost as construction in progress and transferred to the appropriate asset account when substantially complete. Costs of major improvements and rehabilitation of buildings are capitalized. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense when incurred. Equipment disposed of, or no longer required for its existing use, is removed from the records at actual or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Structures/Improvements	50
Public Access Infrastructure	20 - 50
Equipment/Fixtures	5 - 20
Vehicles	5
Software	5 - 10

5. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the District's memorandum of understanding with various employee groups, employees accrue fifteen days of vacation during the first nine years of service, twenty days between service years 10 and fourteen, twenty-one days between service years fifteen and nineteen, twenty-three days between service years twenty and twenty-four, and twenty-five days after twenty-five years of service. An employee may accumulate vacation time earned to a maximum of two times the amount of his/her annual vacation accrual.

Full-time employees accrue twelve days of sick leave: annually from the date of employment. An employee may accumulate sick leave time earned on an unlimited basis. Upon resignation, separation from service, or retirement from District employment, workers in good standing with ten or more years of District employment shall receive a cash payment of the equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave as follows:

Years of Employment	Percentage of equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave
15-20	20%
16-20	25%
21 or more	30%

An employee hired before June 30, 2006, who retires from the District shall receive a cash payment of the percentage of equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave based on years of employment as described above, and apply the remainder of the equivalent cash value toward his/her cost of retiree medical plan premiums and/or other qualified medical expenses. Upon retirement, the amount qualified and designated for retiree medical costs shall be deposited in the Retiree Health Savings (RHS) plan, set up by the District. The cost for maintaining the retiree's RHS account and the annual fee for the reimbursement process of qualified medical expenses will be paid for by the retiree.

An employee hired on or after July 1, 2006, who retires from the District may elect to receive only a cash payment of the percentage of equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave based on years of employment as described above. In all cases the equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave will be based on current rate of pay as of the date of separation from District employment.

The District accrues for all salary-related items in the government-wide statements for which they are liable to make a payment directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination. Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the related liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

6. Long-Term/Noncurrent Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

7. Debt Discount and Issuance Costs

Debt discounts, premiums, and prepaid issuance costs are capitalized as an offset to long-term debt and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the related debt. Issuance costs for the District's tax-exempt commercial paper short-term borrowings are expensed as incurred.

8. Fund Balance Classifications

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54*, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

- *Restricted* fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- *Committed* fund balances includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at period-end. Committed fund balances were imposed by the District's Board of Directors resolution. Any changes to committed fund balance requires the approval of two-thirds of the Board.

  Committed fund balances were imposed by the District's Board of Directors as follows:

  - Infrastructure: $17,187,084; projected minimum requirement for expansion of field and office facilities over the next five years.

  - Equipment Replacement: $3,000,000; projected requirement for equipment and vehicle replacement based on the amount of accumulated depreciation recorded on capital assets in service.

  - Capital maintenance: $7,250,000; amounts com44mitted to reserve for future capital repairs and maintenance.

  - Future acquisitions and capital projects: $11,950,000; amounts committed to reserve for future capital acquisitions.

  - Promissory Note: $1,200,000; amounts committed to payment of promissory note.

  Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the General Manager, pursuant to Board Policy 3.07, if authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations. At June 30, 2021, the District had assigned $2,891,390 in fund balance for ongoing projects.

- *Unassigned* fund balance includes positive amounts within the general fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the

District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

9. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Unrestricted net position reflect amounts that are not subject to any donor-imposed restrictions. This class also includes restricted contributions whose donor-imposed restrictions were met during the fiscal period. A deficit unrestricted net position may result when significant cash balances restricted for capital projects exist. Once the projects are completed, the restriction on these assets are released and converted to capital assets.

10. <u>Pension</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* (GASB Statement No. 68) requires that the reported results pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following time frames were used:

Valuation Date (VD) .... June 30, 2019
Measurement Date (MD) .... June 30, 2020
Measurement Period (MP) .... July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

11. Other Postemployment Benefits Oher Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Retiree Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions are based on the when they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for the measurement period included in the OPEB plan's actuarial reports. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Measurement Period	July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

12. Property Taxes

The District receives property tax revenue from Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties (the Counties). The Counties are responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes in accordance with state law. Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal period of the levy. The counties apportion secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year. Taxes are levied annually on July 1st, and one-half are due by November 1st and one-half by February 1st. Taxes are delinquent after December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro-rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to the completion of construction or sales transactions. Liens on real property are established on January 15th for the ensuing fiscal period.

On June 30, 1993, the Board of Supervisors adopted the "Teeter" method of property tax allocation. This method allocates property taxes based on the total property tax billed. At year-end, the Counties advances cash to each taxing jurisdiction equal to its current year delinquent taxes. Once the delinquent taxes are collected, the revenue from penalties and interest remains with each County and is used to pay the interest cost of borrowing the cash used for the advances.

13. Accounting Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

I. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." Issued in January 2017, this statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable. The statement is effective beginning fiscal year 2021. The District does not meet the fiduciary criteria by classifying activities related to pension and other postemployment benefits as fiduciary and did not report any activities as custodial funds.

J. Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The District is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following recent GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases." Issued in June 2017, this statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. It provides guidance on accounting treatment of lease assets, lease liability, short-term leases, certain regulated leases, measurement for leases other than short-term leases and contracts that transfer ownership, subleases, lease-leaseback transactions, intra-entity leases, and leases between related parties. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." Issued in May 2019, this statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." Issued in January 2020, this statement was issued for clarity and consistency by addressing practice issues identified from the implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and available payment arrangement (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." Issued in May 2020, the statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments by (1) defining a SBITA, (2) establishing that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability, (3) providing the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and (4) requiring note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." Issued in June 2020, the statement will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans (e.g., certain Section 457 plans), while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Cash and Investments

The following summarizes deposits as of June 30, 2021:

Cash and Investments	Cash and Cash Equivalents Available for Operations	Restricted	Total
Cash Deposits:			
Cash in Banks	$ 211,105	$ 48,810	$ 259,915
Cash with Fiscal Agent PARS	-	6,374,997	6,374,997
Petty Cash	1,091	-	1,091
Total Cash Deposits	212,196	6,423,807	6,636,003
Investments:			
California Local Agency Investment Fund	1,743,432	-	1,743,432
CalTRUST	-	1,676,949	1,676,949
Brokerage Accounts/Cash with Fiscal Agents	7,438,527	24,152,206	31,590,733
Santa Clara County Pool	57,097,890	4,283,256	61,381,146
Total Investments	66,279,849	30,112,411	96,392,260
Total Cash and Investments	$ 66,492,045	$ 36,536,218	$ 103,028,263

Cash in Banks

Cash balances in banks are insured up to $250,000 per insured bank by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The District's accounts are held with various banks. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balances exceeded FDIC coverage by $170,683.

Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques above. This hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

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The District has the following investments with recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

				Maturities			
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Input Level	12 Months or Less	13 - 24 Months	25 - 60 Months	Concen-trations
Money Market Accounts	n/a	$ 4,179,045	n/a	$ 4,179,045	$ -	$ -	4.34%
Municipal Bonds	AAA/A-	10,656,993	Level 2	3,464,972	3,940,762	3,251,262	11.07%
Corp/Gov Bonds	AAA/A-	16,646,187	Level 1	10,224,039	6,422,149	-	17.29%
LAIF	n/a	1,743,577	Level 2	1,743,577	-	-	1.81%
CalTrust	A+f	1,676,949	Level 2	-	-	1,676,949	1.74%
Santa Clara County Pool	n/a	61,381,146	Level 2	33,237,229	9,579,405	18,564,511	63.75%
U.S. Obligations	AA+/A-	328	Level 1	328	-	-	0.00%
Total Investments		$ 96,284,225		$ 52,849,189	$ 19,942,316	$ 23,492,722	100.00%

Cash in Santa Clara County Treasury

Santa Clara County is a fiscal agent of the District. The fair value of the District's investment in the county pool is reported at amounts based on the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized costs basis. Santa Clara County investment pool funds were available for withdrawal on demand and had an average maturity date of less than one year. All cash and investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment earnings are allocated monthly based on the average cash and investment balances of the various funds of the County.

California Local Agency Investment Fund

The District is a participant in the Local Agency investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2021, these investments had an average maturity date of less than one year.

Investment Trust of California

The District is a participant in the Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST) which is a California joint powers authority that has been established by its members pursuant to an agreement. The California Government Code provides that Public Agencies may purchase shares of beneficial interest issues by a joint powers authority, such as CalTRUST, organized pursuant to the Section 6500 of the Act. The District reports its investment in CalTRUST at the fair value amount provided by CalTRUST. The District participates in the Medium-Term Fund with CalTRUST. The balance in this Medium-Term Fund is available for withdrawal once a week (on Wednesdays), and is based on the net asset value per share on the Wednesday of each week. Included in CalTRUST's investment portfolio for the Medium-Term Fund are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2021, these investments had an average maturity date of 2 to 5 years.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are used if the District fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues.

Restricted for Debt Service

As of June 30, 2021, the District had $7,085 held by Zions bank as trustee, pledged to the payment or security of its outstanding bond issues. The District also had $4,283,256 held by the County during the period which was pledged to the payment or security of its outstanding bonds. All transactions associated with debt service were administered by the Bank or County.

Restricted for Hawthorne Property Maintenance

On November 10, 2011, the District received the gift of the 79-acre Hawthorne property, in Portola Valley, California, and an endowment of $2,018,445 to manage the property in perpetuity. The cash balance restricted for this purpose at June 30, 2021 was $1,676,949.

Restricted for Measure AA Bond Projects

As of June 30, 2021, the District had $23,662,619 held by Zions bank as trustee, pledged to specific projects related to the acquisition of property to protect and preserve natural open space lands, constructions of public access improvements and recreation and capital enhancements to open space lands to restore disturbed natural areas back to their original condition and function.

Restricted for Staffing Facilities

As of June 30, 2021, the District had $482,524 held by Zions bank as trustee, pledged to finance portion of the cost of acquiring and improving staffing facilities for use by the District.

Restricted for Historic Picchetti Reserve

As of June 30, 2021, the District had $48,810 held with Wells Fargo, pledged for upkeep on the Picchetti Ranch brick winery building and farm complex.

Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District had a balance of $6,374,997 in a Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) Pension Rate Stabilization Program (PRSP) 115 irrevocable trust for pensions. Participating agencies maintain oversight of investment management and control over the risk tolerance level. Assets in the plan can be accessed to offset unexpected rate increases or be used as a rainy-day fund related to their pension plan (CalPERS). These assets are not dedicated to providing plan benefits to plan participants and are not directly used to pay benefits until such time as the District transfers the funds from the PARS trust to the pension plan (CalPERS). The trust restricts the use of the assets to be used solely for pension related expenses.

Policies and Practices

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the District's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	No Limit
Money Market and Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	No Limit	No Limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	$40 million per account	No Limit

a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to the changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Santa Clara County investment pool and LAIF, which had fair values of approximately $9.9 billion and $194 billion, respectively as of June 30, 2021, and diversifying its investments, as noted above, through the utilization of brokers.

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the County's investment pool is governed by the County's general investment policy. The County's investments in 2021 included U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government that are not considered to have credit risk exposure. See the schedule above for a summary of the District's ratings by investment type.

c) Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

d) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investor's holdings in a single issuer. The District's investment in the County's commingled pool is diversified by the County Treasurer by limiting the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one issuer's name. Investments in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agency securities explicitly backed by the U.S., and mutual and pooled funds are not subject to this limitation.

More than 5% of the County's commingled pooled investments are invested with the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Farm Credit Bank.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions are reported as loans or transfers. The District utilizes interfund transactions to account for funding received by the General Fund which is then distributed to the other funds for special uses, such as payment of debt or capital project and to supplement other funding sources. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

The following interfund loans were outstanding at fiscal year end June 30, 2021:

Fund	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	$ 1,134,326	$ 4,251,349
Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	-	1,040,200
GF Capital Projects Fund	4,251,349	-
Debt Service Fund	-	94,126
Total	$ 5,385,675	$ 5,385,675

At June 30, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	$ -	$ 15,916,159
Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	-	311,159
GF Capital Projects Fund	5,644,822	-
Debt Service Fund	10,582,496	-
Total	$ 16,227,318	$ 16,227,318

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June 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

On December 17, 1997, the District sold the title to and possession of a 50-year fee determinable estate 10-acre parcel near the Skyline Ridge Open Space Preserve. The District financed the purchase in the amount of $288,800 over 25 years at a rate of 10% per annum. Monthly principal and interest payments of $2,634 are due on the 1st of each month and late if not paid by the 10th, with the final payment scheduled December 1, 2022. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 was $71,728.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the period ended June 30, 2021 is shown below:

Capital Assets	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2021
Non-depreciable:				
Land	$ 450,098,759	$ 7,635,851	$ 550,000	$ 458,284,610
Construction in Progress	17,313,507	16,562,354	(11,728,890)	22,146,971
Total Non-Depreciable	467,412,266	24,198,205	(11,178,890)	480,431,581
Depreciable:				
Structure and Improvements	30,129,501	4,504,564	(550,000)	34,084,065
Infrastructure	43,777,393	7,177,615	-	50,955,008
Equipment	2,813,942	35,369	-	2,849,311
Vehicles	5,288,526	358,205	-	5,646,731
Total Depreciable	82,009,362	12,075,753	(550,000)	93,535,115
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Structure and Improvements	(11,011,314)	(1,159,573)	-	(12,170,887)
Infrastructure	(6,684,072)	(1,420,439)	-	(8,104,511)
Equipment	(1,721,835)	(153,695)	-	(1,875,530)
Vehicles	(3,903,090)	(605,887)	-	(4,508,977)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,320,311)	(3,339,594)	-	(26,659,905)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	58,689,051	8,736,159	(550,000)	66,875,210
Total Capital Assets - Net	$ 526,101,317	$ 32,934,364	$ (11,728,890)	$ 547,306,791

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the period ended June 30, 2021:

Long-term Liabilities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Promissory Notes (Direct Borrowings):					
Current Interest	$ 22,954,999	$ -	$ 1,370,000	$ 21,584,999	$ 1,445,000
Capital Appreciation	6,580,602	-	-	6,580,602	-
Accreted interest	3,434,872	534,303	-	3,969,175	-
Unamortized Premium	4,968,133	-	117,510	4,850,623	-
Subtotal Promissory Notes	37,938,606	534,303	1,487,510	36,985,399	1,445,000
Bonds:					
Current Interest	171,260,000	-	7,025,000	164,235,000	6,675,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	19,295,234	-	1,120,342	18,174,892	-
Subtotal Bonds	190,555,234	-	8,145,342	182,409,892	6,675,000
Net Pension Liability	11,828,627	8,912,057	7,270,638	13,470,046	-
Net OPEB Liability	1,500,844	1,537,853	1,658,944	1,379,753	-
Compensated Absences	2,777,151	572,267	444,136	2,905,282	464,627
Total Long-term Liabilities	$ 244,600,462	$ 11,556,480	$ 19,006,570	$ 237,150,372	$ 8,584,627

Compensated absences, other postemployment benefits and pension liabilities are paid by the fund for which the employee worked, which included General Fund and MAA Capital Projects Funds.

Promissory Notes

Hunt Living Trust Promissory Note

On April 1, 2003, the District entered into a $1,500,000 promissory note with the Hunt Living Trust as part of a lease and management agreement. The note is due in full on April 1, 2023 and bears interest at 5.5% semi-annually through April 1, 2013 and 5.0% per annum until the maturity, or prior redemption, of the note.

2012 Refunding Promissory Notes

On January 19, 2012, the District advance refunded $34,652,643 in 1999 lease revenue bonds by issuing $31,264,707 in promissory notes. The 2012 notes bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 6.04%. The notes are a blend of current interest and capital appreciation notes maturing through 2042. The net proceeds of $33,295,663 (after payment of $278,683 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs and a premium of $2,309,638) were used to purchase U.S government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1999 Series bonds. As a result, the 1999 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt in the financial statements. The 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes were partially defeased during fiscal year 2018 with issuance of the 2017 Refunding Bond as noted below. The notes are secured by limited ad valorem property taxes levied upon all taxable property in the District.

2015 Refunding Promissory Notes

On January 22, 2015, the District advance refunded $29,986,962 in 2004 Revenue Bonds by issuing $28,578,500 in promissory notes. The 2015 notes bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The notes are current interest notes maturing through 2035. The net proceeds of $28,325,491 (after payment of $253,009 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs and a premium of $4,948,500) were used to purchase U.S government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2004 Revenue Bonds. As a result, the 2004 Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt in the financial statements. The notes are secured by limited ad valorem property taxes levied upon all taxable property in the District.

Revenue and General Obligation Bonds

2011 Revenue Bonds

On May 19, 2011, the Authority, on behalf of the District, issued $20,500,000 of 2011 Revenue Bonds for the purpose of acquiring land to preserve and use as open space and pay bond issue and related costs. The Bonds are not general obligations. Each period, the District will appropriate revenues-mainly limited properly tax collections that Santa Clara County and San Mateo County allocate to the District – to pay its obligations under a Lease Agreement for use and occupancy of District land in addition to other District debt and lease obligations unrelated to this financing. The Current Interest Bonds bear interest at 2.0% to 6.0% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments on the Current Interest Bonds are due annually September 1. This Bond was partially defeased during fiscal year 2017 with issuance of the 2016 Refunding Series A and B Green Bonds as noted below. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture and debt reserves established.

2015A and 2015B General Obligation Bonds

On July 29, 2015, the District issued $40,000,000 of 2015A general obligation bonds and $5,000,000 of 2015B federally taxable general obligation bonds to finance certain projects authorized by voters. The bonds bear interest from 1.5% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of $2,559,224 with an underwriter's discount of $107,599 and issuance costs of $170,000. The bonds are secured by ad valorem property taxes levied by the District. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture and debt reserves established.

2016A and 2016B Refunding Green Bonds

On September 8, 2016, the District issued $54,490,000 of 2016 Refunding Series A and $2,920,000 of 2016 Refunding Series B Green Bonds for the purpose of refunding its outstanding obligations under the 2007 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds and prepay a portion of its obligations under the 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds. As a result, the 2007 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds and the 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide financial statement of net position.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of $5,032,161, which is reported as a deferred outflow on the government-wide statement of net position. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2036 using the straight-line method. The

District completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of $12,694,440.

The 2016 Refunding Green Bonds Series A bears interest from 2.0% to 5.0% and the Series B bears interest of 0.73%. Interest for both Series A and B are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments for Series A began September 2017 and are due annually thereafter until September 2036. Series B has only one principal payment in September 2017. The bonds are secured by the District's share of the general 1% ad valorem property tax levied in the District. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture and debt reserves established.

2017 Series A Refunding Green Bonds

On December 13, 2017, the District issued $25,025,000 of 2017 Refunding Green Bonds for the purpose of partially refunding its outstanding obligations under the 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes. The proceeds of the 2017 Refunding Green Bonds, together with $676,232 of other District funds, were used to defease and redeem $11,605,000 principal amount of the District's outstanding 2012 Current Interest Notes and $8,894,106 initial principal of the District's outstanding 2012 Capital Appreciation Notes, collectively, the 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes. The amounts defeased have been removed from the government-wide financial statement of net position.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of $4,113,597, which is reported as a deferred outflow on the government-wide statement of net position. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2033 using the straight-line method. The District completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of $8,882,524.

The 2017 Refunding Green Bonds bears interest from 3.125% to 5.0%. Interest is due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments begin September 2025 and are due annually thereafter until September 2037. The bonds are secured by the District's share of the general 1% ad valorem property tax levied in the District. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture and debt reserves established.

2017 Series B Parity Bonds

On December 13, 2017, the District issued $11,220,000 of 2017 parity bonds to finance portion of the cost of acquiring and improving staffing facilities for use by the District. The bonds bear interest of 5% and are due semi-annually on June 30 and December 30. The bonds were issued at a premium of $1,413,434 and issuance costs of $133,434. The bonds are secured by the District's share of the general 1% ad valorem property tax levied in the District. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture and debt reserves established.

2018 General Obligation Bonds

On February 1, 2018, the District issued $50,000,000 of 2018 general obligation bonds to finance 25 projects specified in Measure AA. The bonds bear interest from 2% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of $3,691,291 with an issuance costs of $455,462. The bonds are secured by the District's share of the general 1% ad valorem property tax levied in the District. There is no remedy to the District for default beyond the security provided in the indenture

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and debt reserves established. The following schedule summarizes the District's outstanding promissory notes and bonds as of June 30, 2021:

Long Term Debt	Original Issue	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Promissory Notes (Direct Borrowings):					
Hunt Note	$ 1,500,000	$ 1,500,000	$ -	$ -	$ 1,500,000
2012 Refunding Note Current Int.	15,790,000	1,319,999	-	425,000	894,999
2012 Refunding Note Cap Apprec.	15,474,708	6,580,602	-	-	6,580,602
2015 Refunding Note	23,630,000	20,135,000	-	945,000	19,190,000
Subtotal Promissory Notes	56,394,708	29,535,601	-	1,370,000	28,165,601
Bonds:					
2011 Lease Revenue	20,500,000	535,000	-	250,000	285,000
2015A General Obligation Bonds	40,000,000	40,000,000	-	-	40,000,000
2015B General Obligation Bonds	5,000,000	1,555,000	-	925,000	630,000
2016 Refunding Bonds	57,410,000	47,410,000	-	3,375,000	44,035,000
2017 Refunding Bonds	25,025,000	25,025,000	-	-	25,025,000
2017 Parity Bonds	11,220,000	9,480,000	-	990,000	8,490,000
2018 General Obligation Bonds	50,000,000	47,255,000	-	1,485,000	45,770,000
Subtotal Bonds	209,155,000	171,260,000	-	7,025,000	164,235,000
Accreted Interest:					
2012 Refunding Note		3,434,872	534,303	-	3,969,175
Subtotal Accreted Interest		3,434,872	534,303	-	3,969,175
Unamortized Bond Premium		24,263,367	-	1,237,852	23,025,515
Total Long Term Debt	$ 265,549,708	$ 228,493,840	$ 534,303	$ 9,632,852	$ 219,395,291

The promissory notes future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Remaining Accretion	Interest	Total
2022	$ 1,445,000	$ -	$ 1,029,625	$ 2,474,625
2023	3,040,000	-	963,950	4,003,950
2024	1,170,000	-	825,750	1,995,750
2025	1,225,000	-	765,875	1,990,875
2026	1,300,000	-	702,750	2,002,750
2027-2031	9,547,250	309,249	2,451,625	12,308,124
2032-2036	10,438,351	7,675,976	587,750	18,702,077
Total Debt Service	$ 28,165,601	$ 7,985,225	$ 7,327,325	$ 43,478,151

The bonds future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Remaining Accretion	Interest	Total
2022	$ 6,675,000	$ -	$ 6,895,263	$ 13,570,263
2023	6,990,000	-	6,589,537	13,579,537
2024	7,375,000	-	6,239,763	13,614,763
2025	7,780,000	-	5,865,663	13,645,663
2026	8,285,000	-	5,464,038	13,749,038
2027-2031	34,815,000	-	21,439,727	56,254,727
2032-2036	31,160,000	-	15,558,433	46,718,433
2037-2041	31,090,000	-	8,394,050	39,484,050
2042-2046	22,445,000	-	3,839,500	26,284,500
2047-2051	7,620,000	-	465,200	8,085,200
Total Debt Service	$ 164,235,000	$ -	$ 80,751,174	$ 244,986,174

Amortization of the deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Beginning Balance	$ 8,550,577
Amortization	(845,125)
Ending Balance	$ 7,705,452

NOTE 7 - RENTAL INCOME

The District rents certain land and structures to other entities under operating leases with terms generally on a month-to-month basis. Rental income of $1,910,683 was received during the period ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 8 - CALPERS PENSION PLAN

Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description - The District provides benefits to eligible employees through cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans (the Plan(s)) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Members of the Plan include all permanent employees working full-time. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	
	Tier 1	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly ben. as a % of eligible comp.	2% to 2.5%	2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	12.361%	7.732%

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Employees Covered – At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Miscellaneous
Active	158
Transferred	60
Separated	79
Retired	88
Total	385

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the plan for the year totaled $1,791,425.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
Miscellaneous	$ 13,470,046

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using standard procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions into the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of fiscal years June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.11543%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.12380%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.00837%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of $3,670,530.

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At fiscal year June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	$ -	$ 96,074
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	694,152	-
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	400,149	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-	1,714,990
Change in Employer's Proportion	1,200,628	-
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	1,791,425	-
Total	$ 4,086,354	$ 1,811,064

The District reported $1,791,425 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2022	$ 30,430
2023	95,516
2024	165,996
2025	191,923
2026	-
Thereafter	-
Total	$ 483,865

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (2)
Mortality	(3)

(1) Varies by entry age and service
(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
(3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class (a)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (b)	Real Return Years 11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

(a) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
(b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
(c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	$ 24,190,794
Current	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	$ 13,470,046
1% Increase	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	$ 4,611,829

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

PARS Section 115 Trust - During fiscal year 2017-18, the District established a Section 115 Trust Fund for Pension Costs with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The amount in this trust is not included as part of the District's net pension liability calculation.

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Plan Description - The District joined the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by CalPERS. See eligibility requirements below. Retiree benefit continues to surviving spouse if retiree elects survivor annuity under CalPERS retirement plan. The OPEB plan's audited financial statements are available at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/gasb-75-schedule-changes-fiduciary-net-position-2017.pdf.

Benefits Provided - The following is a summary of the plan benefits provided:

Eligibility:	Retire directly from the District under CalPER (age 50 and 5 years of service) Continue participation in PEMHCA
Retiree Medical Benefit:	District pays retiree medical premiums up to: - $300/month effective 1/1/07 - $350/month effective 1/1/09 Must be at least equal to statutory PEMHCA minimum ($122 in 2015, $125 in 2016)
PEMHCA Administrative Fee:	District pays CalPERS administrative fees (0.32% of premiums for 2015/16)
Surviving Spouse Continuation:	Retiree beneift continues to surviving spouse if retiree elects survivor annuity under CalPERS retirement plan
Minimum Age:	Retirement under CalPERS

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2021, the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	165
Inactive employees	45
Total employees	210

Contributions - The District makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate and are approved by the authority of the District's Board. Total contributions during the year were $789,326. Total contributions included in the measurement period were $638,539. The actuarially determined contribution for the measurement period was $686,000. The District's contributions were 4.2% of covered payroll during the measurement period June 30, 2020 (reporting period June 30, 2021). Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions - The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal, level precentage of payroll
Amortization Period:	7.5 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Investment gains and loses spread over 5-year rolling period
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
General Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Medical Trend	Non-medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	4.25%
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019
Healthcare Participation for Future Retirees	Currently covered: 90% Currently waived: 60%

Discount Rate - The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set to be equal to the long-term expected rate of return which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

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Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	59%	4.82%
Fixed Income	25%	1.47%
TIPS	5%	1.29%
Commodities	3%	0.84%
REITs	8%	3.76%
Total	100%	

Net OPEB Liability - The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date), and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (reporting date). The following summarizes the changes in the net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Balance at June 30,2020	$ 6,019,695	$ 4,518,851	$ 1,500,844
Service cost	390,204	-	390,204
Interest in Total OPEB Liability	426,406	-	426,406
Employer contributions	-	638,539	(638,539)
Balance of diff between actual and exp experience	-	-	-
Balance of changes in assumptions	(88,493)	-	(88,493)
Actual investment income	-	212,944	(212,944)
Administrative expenses	-	(2,274)	2,274
Benefit payments	(185,539)	(185,539)	-
Net changes	542,578	663,670	(121,092)
Balance at June 30, 2021	$ 6,562,273	$ 5,182,521	$ 1,379,752

Covered Employee Payroll	$18,617,066
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	35.25%
Plan Fid. Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	78.97%
Service Cost as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	2.10%
Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	7.41%

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - At June 30, 2021the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between actual and expected experience	$ -	$ 126,363
Difference between actual and expected earnings	58,069	-
Change in assumptions	-	104,716
OPEB contribution subsequent to measurement date	789,326	-
Totals	$ 847,395	$ 231,079

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, $789,326 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	$ (30,087)
2023	(9,487)
2024	(1,810)
2025	(6,173)
2026	(26,406)
Thereafter	(99,047)
Total	$ (173,010)

OPEB Expense - The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Service cost	$ 390,204
Interest in TOL	426,406
Expected investment income	(314,118)
Difference between actual and expected experience	(15,043)
Difference between actual and expected earnings	(3,681)
Change in assumptions	(11,363)
Administrative expenses	2,274
OPEB Expense	**$ 474,679**

The following summarizes changes in the net OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Net OPEB liability ending	$ 1,379,752
Net OPEB liability begining	(1,500,844)
Change in net OPEB liability	(121,092)
Changes in deferred inflows	15,300
Employer contributions and implict subsidy	638,539
OPEB Expense	**$ 474,678**

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate - The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

	Discount Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	**6.75%**	**(1% Increase)**
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	$ 2,340,075	$ 1,379,752	$ 597,423

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	**4.25%**	**(1% Increase)**
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	$ 1,085,891	$ 1,379,752	$ 1,791,565

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURES (JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Prior to July 1, 2002, the District managed and financed these risks by purchasing commercial insurance. On July 1, 2002, the District joined the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CAL JPIA). CAL JPIA is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The purpose of CAL JPIA is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insurance losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverages. CAL JPIA's pool began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

During the past three fiscal periods, none of the programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior period.

Self-Insurance Programs of the CAL JPIA

General and Automobile Liability

Each government member pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). General liability (GL) coverage includes bodily injury, personal injury, or property damage to a third party resulting from a member activity. The GL program also provides automobile liability coverage. Six months after the close of a fiscal period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Costs are spread to members as follows: the first $30,000 to $750,000 are pooled based on member's share of costs under $30,000; costs in excess of $750,000 are shared by the members based upon each individual member's payroll. Costs of covered claims above $5,000,000 are currently paid by reinsurance. The protection for each member is $50,000,000 per occurrence, up to $50,000,000.

Worker's Compensation

The District also participates in the Worker's Compensation program administered by CAL JPIA. Pool deposits and retrospective adjustments are valued in a manner similar to the General Liability pool. The District is charged for the first $50,000 of each claim. Costs from $50,000 to $100,000 per claim are pooled based on the member's losses under its retention level. Costs between $100,000 and $2,000,000 per claim are pooled based on payroll. Costs from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000 are paid by excess insurance purchased by CAL JPIA. The excess insurance provides coverage to statutory limits.

Purchased Insurance

Environmental Insurance

The District participates in the Pollution and Remediation Legal Liability Program, which is available through CAL JPIA. The policy provides coverage for both first and third party damages, including certain types of cleanups; fuel spill or hazmat incidents; member listed non-owned disposal sites; above ground and underground storage tanks; and for sudden and gradual pollution at or from property, streets, sanitary sewer trunk lines and storm drain outfalls owned by the District. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a $50,000 deductible. CAL JPIA has a limit of $50,000,000 for the three-year coverage period. The current coverage period is July 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of CAL JPIA has a $10,000,000 aggregate limit during the three-year period. The current coverage period is July 2017 through July 1, 2020.

Property Insurance

The District participates in the All-Risk property program of CAL JPIA which includes all-risk coverage for real and personal property (such as scheduled buildings, office furniture, equipment, vehicles, etc). This insurance is underwritten by several insurance companies. Property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the District to CAL JPIA. The All-Risk deductible is $5,000 per occurrence; $1,000 for non-emergency vehicles. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Boiler & Machinery Insurance

The District participates in the optional coverage for boiler and machinery, which is purchased separately under the property program. Coverage is for physical damage for sudden and accidental breakdown of boilers and machinery, and electrical injury. There is a $5,000 per accident or occurrence deductible.

Crime Insurance

The District participates in the crime program of CAL JPIA in the amount of $1,000,000 per claim, with a $2,500 per occurrence deductible. Insurance provides coverage for employee dishonesty, failure to faithfully perform duties, forgery, counterfeiting, theft, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance

The District participates in the special events program of CAL JPIA which provides liability insurance when District premises are used for special events. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user to the District according to a schedule. The District then pays the insurance arranged through CAL JPIA. There is no deductible and the District is added as additional insured. Liability limits are purchased in $1 million per occurrence increments.

Vendors/Contractors Program

General liability coverage with or without professional liability is offered through CAL JPIA to vendors/contractors who otherwise could not meet the District's minimum insurance requirement: $1 million per occurrence, $2 million in aggregate.

Cyber Liability Program

The cyber liability program is partially covered under the liability program, and partially held through a stand-alone coverage program. Cyber liability provides coverage for both first- and third-party claims. First party coverage includes privacy, regulatory claims, security breach response, business income loss, dependent business income loss, digital asset restoration costs, and cyber-extortion threats, while third-party coverage includes privacy liability, network security liability, and multimedia liability. Members work directly with the reinsurer to investigate and respond to claims. There is a $1 million per occurrence limit of coverage, $1 million aggregate limit per policy period per member, and a $10 million aggregate limit of coverage for all members per policy period.

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District may be exposed to various claims and litigation during the normal course of business. However, management believes there were no matters that would have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations as of June 30, 2021.

Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had remaining commitments of $33,367,748 towards construction and other contracts from original contract balances of $60,302,175. These commitments are not liabilities of the District's until services or goods have been rendered/received. The expected date of completion is between June 2021 and December 2099.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated all subsequent events from the statement of financial position date of June 30, 2020, through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, November 22, 2021. Beginning in March 2020, the United States economy began suffering adverse effects from the COVID 19 Virus Crisis ("CV19 Crisis"). As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, the District had not suffered material adverse impact from the CV19 Crisis. However, the future impact of the CV19 Crisis on the District cannot be reasonably estimated.

Required Supplementary Information

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Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual (GAAP)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Positive - (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	$ 53,487,274	$ 55,689,641	$ 57,048,132	$ 1,358,491
Grant income	293,500	150,000	195,085	45,085
Property management	1,729,450	1,729,450	2,297,444	567,994
Investment earnings	907,760	907,760	1,810,659	902,899
Other revenues	486,761	486,761	978,340	491,579
Total revenues	56,904,745	58,963,612	62,329,660	3,366,048
Expenditures:				
Current				
Salaries and employee benefits	25,633,171	25,715,171	24,947,275	767,896
Services and supplies	11,202,854	10,885,504	8,743,629	2,141,875
Capital outlay	48,000	-	-	-
Total expenditures	36,884,025	36,600,675	33,690,904	2,909,771
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	20,020,720	22,362,937	28,638,756	6,275,819
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(20,120,191)	(20,120,191)	(15,916,159)	4,204,032
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,120,191)	(20,120,191)	(15,916,159)	4,204,032
Net change in fund balance	(99,471)	2,242,746	12,722,597	10,479,851
Fund balance beginning	56,940,463	56,940,463	56,940,463	-
Prior period adjustments	-	-	(43,913)	(43,913)
Fund balance beginning - as adjusted	56,940,463	56,940,463	56,896,550	(43,913)
Fund balance ending	$ 56,840,992	$ 59,183,209	$ 69,619,147	$ 10,435,938

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Directors to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions
June 30, 2021

Miscellaneous Plan Fiscal Year Ended	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Contractually Required Contributions	$ 1,461,069	$ 1,358,520	$ 1,514,352	$ 1,763,650	$ 1,358,184	$ 1,534,253	$ 1,791,425
Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	1,343,244	4,788,977	2,529,862	1,783,789	1,358,206	1,534,253	1,791,425
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	$ 117,825	$ (3,430,457)	$ (1,015,510)	$ (20,139)	$ (22)	$ -	$ -
Covered Payroll	**$ 8,994,979**	**$ 9,862,578**	**$ 11,834,150**	**$ 12,802,887**	**$ 15,311,826**	**$ 15,435,511**	**$ 16,402,829**
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	**14.93%**	**48.56%**	**21.38%**	**13.93%**	**8.87%**	**9.94%**	**10.92%**

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019

Assumptions Used:
Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
3.8 Years Remaining Amortization Period
Inflation Assumed at 2.5%
Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.15%
CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.
The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.
The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Distric

Schedule of Net Pension Liability Proportionate Shares
June 30, 2021

Miscellaneous Plan Fiscal Year Ended	**2015**	**2016**	**2017**	**2018**	**2019**	**2020**	**2021**
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.39847%	0.41627%	0.29137%	0.27962%	0.27629%	0.29538%	0.31934%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	$ 9,848,203	$ 11,420,126	$ 10,121,906	$ 11,022,824	$ 10,412,478	$ 11,828,627	$ 13,470,046
Covered Payroll	$ 8,448,635	$ 8,994,979	$ 9,862,578	$ 11,834,150	$ 12,802,887	$ 15,311,826	$ 15,435,511
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	**116.57%**	**126.96%**	**102.63%**	**93.14%**	**81.33%**	**77.25%**	**87.27%**
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	**81.15%**	**79.23%**	**80.93%**	**82.04%**	**84.37%**	**83.84%**	**83.28%**

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.
The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.
The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Contributions for Postemployment Benefit
June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended	2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	$ 609,000	$ 624,000	$ 643,000	$ 686,000
Less: actual contribution in relation to ADC	(412,000)	(670,768)	(638,539)	(789,326)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ 197,000	$ (46,768)	$ 4,461	$ 4,461
Covered employee payrol	$ 12,802,887	$ 13,550,000	$ 16,838,000	$ 18,617,066
Contributions as a % of covered employee payrol	3.22%	4.95%	3.79%	4.24%

Assumptions and Methods

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal, level precentage of payroll
Amortization Period:	7.5 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Investment gains and loses spread over 5-year rolling period
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
General Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Increases	Aggregate - 3% Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Medical Trend	Non-medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	4.25%
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019
Healthcare Participation for Future Retirees	Currently covered: 90% Currently waived: 60%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

There were no changes in benefit terms or trend rates

PPACA excise tax was repealed 12/20/19. Since this is after the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the excise tax is included in the June 30, 2019 Total OPEB Liability (TOL).

Mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2019 from MP-2017 in fiscal year 2020

The discount rate decreased from 7.0% to 6.5% in fiscal year 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability
June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	$ 313,000	$ 321,153	$ 330,788	$ 390,204
Interest	326,000	361,203	397,289	426,406
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	(156,450)	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(30,520)	(88,493)
Benefit payments	(113,000)	(162,000)	(152,768)	(185,539)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	526,000	520,356	388,339	542,578
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	4,585,000	5,111,000	5,631,356	6,019,695
Total OPEB Liability - ending	$ 5,111,000	$ 5,631,356	$ 6,019,695	$ 6,562,273
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	$ 513,000	$ 412,000	$ 670,768	$ 638,539
Net investment income	287,000	259,143	232,579	212,944
Benefit payments	(113,000)	(162,000)	(152,768)	(185,539)
Administrative expense	(1,000)	(6,064)	(807)	(2,274)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	686,000	503,079	749,772	663,670
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,580,000	3,266,000	3,769,079	4,518,851
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	$ 3,266,000	$ 3,769,079	$ 4,518,851	$ 5,182,521
Net OPEB liability (asset)	$ 1,845,000	$ 1,862,277	$ 1,500,844	$ 1,379,752
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	63.90%	66.93%	75.07%	78.97%
Covered Employee Payroll	$ 11,834,150	$ 12,802,887	$ 13,550,000	$ 16,838,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	15.59%	14.55%	11.08%	8.19%
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	43.19%	43.99%	44.43%	38.97%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018

There were no changes in benefit terms or trend rates

PPACA excise tax was repealed 12/20/19. Since this is after the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the excise tax is included in the June 30, 2019 Total OPEB Liability (TOL)

Mortality improvement scale was updated to Scale MP-2019 from MP-2017 in fiscal year 2020

The discount rate decreased from 7.0% to 6.5% in fiscal year 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

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MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

Supplementary Information

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

These schedules present comparisons of the original budget, final budget and actual revenues and expenditures for major capital project funds and debt service funds. These schedules presents the difference between the final budget and actuals.

BOND PROGRAM EXPENDITURES

This schedule presents the program expenditures for the Measure AA Bond Program for the current year and the in total since the inception of the program.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Districtt

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balanc
Budget to Actual (GAAP)
Measure AA Capital Projects Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive -
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Grant income	$ 1,621,509	$ 1,765,009	$ 2,482,991	$ 717,982
Investment earnings	411,475	411,475	96,799	(314,676)
Total revenues	2,032,984	2,176,484	2,579,790	403,306
Expenditures:				
Current				
Salaries and employee benefits	-	587,235	543,264	43,971
Services and supplies	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	11,868,588	14,519,151	11,862,954	2,656,197
Total expenditures	11,868,588	15,106,386	12,406,218	2,700,168
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(9,835,604)	(12,929,902)	(9,826,428)	3,103,474
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	(311,159)	(311,159)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(311,159)	(311,159)
Net change in fund balance	(9,835,604)	(12,929,902)	(10,137,587)	2,792,315
Fund balance beginning	32,301,379	32,301,379	32,301,379	-
Prior period adjustment	-	-	(28,828)	(28,828)
Fund balance beginning - as adjusted	32,301,379	32,301,379	32,272,551	28,828
Fund balance ending	$ 22,465,775	$ 19,371,477	$ 22,134,964	$ 2,763,487

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balanc
Budget to Actual (GAAP)
GF Capital Projects Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive - (Negative)
Revenues:				
Grant income	$ -	$ 196,000	$ 196,000	$ -
Investment earnings	-	-	31,952	31,952
Total revenues	-	196,000	227,952	31,952
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	15,856,328	15,312,048	12,276,840	3,035,208
Total expenditures	15,856,328	15,312,048	12,276,840	3,035,208
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,856,328)	(15,116,048)	(12,048,888)	3,067,160
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	9,441,116	9,441,116	5,644,822	(3,796,294)
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	9,441,116	9,441,116	5,644,822	(3,796,294)
Net change in fund balance	(6,415,212)	(5,674,932)	(6,404,066)	(729,134)
Fund balance beginning	6,843,580	6,843,580	6,843,580	-
Prior period adjustment	-	-	43,010	43,010
Fund balance beginning - as adjusted	6,843,580	6,843,580	6,886,590	43,010
Fund balance ending	$ 428,368	$ 1,168,648	$ 482,524	$ (686,124)

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balanc
Budget to Actual (GAAP)
Debt Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive - (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	$ 6,200,000	$ 5,000,000	$ 5,428,038	$ 428,038
Investment earnings	41,040	41,040	39,534	(1,506)
Total revenues	6,241,040	5,041,040	5,474,549	433,509
Expenditures:				
Debt service:				
Principal	8,395,000	8,395,000	8,395,000	-
Interest	8,245,925	8,245,925	8,245,925	-
Total expenditures	16,640,925	16,640,925	16,640,925	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,399,885)	(11,599,885)	(11,166,376)	433,509
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	10,679,075	10,679,075	10,582,496	(96,579)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,679,075	10,679,075	10,582,496	(96,579)
Net change in fund balance	279,190	(920,810)	(583,880)	336,930
Fund balance beginning	4,813,811	4,813,811	4,813,811	-
Fund balance ending	$ 5,093,001	$ 3,893,001	$ 4,229,931	$ 336,930

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space Distric

Measure AA Bond Program
Schedule of Program Expenditures
June 30, 2021

Project No.	Project Description	Adjustments	Expenditures from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021	Expenditures from Inception through June 30, 2021
AA01	Miramontes Ridge - Gateway to San Mateo Coast	-	421,962	421,962
AA02	Regional: Bayfront Habitat Protection & Public Access Partnerships	-	493,849	6,845,065
AA03	Purisima Creek Redwoods: Purisma-to Sea Trail, Watershed & Grazing	43,010	5,138,201	6,479,976
AA04	El Corte de Madera Creek: Bike Trail & Water Quality Projects	(38,449)	-	966,168
AA05	La Honda Creek - Upper Recreation Area	-	211,991	2,675,767
AA06	Hawthorn Public Access Improvements	-	9,701	40,950
AA07	Driscoll Ranch Public Access, Wildlife Protection & Grazing	-	193,179	12,498,683
AA08	La Honda/Russian Ridge: Upper San Gregorio Watershed	-	-	2,153,910
AA09	Russian Ridge: Public Recreation, Grazing & Wildlife Protection	-	295,369	689,925
AA10	Coal Creek: Reopen Alpine Road for Trail Use	-	122,307	467,648
AA11	Rancho San Antonio: Interpretive Improvements, Refurbishing	-	347,905	513,233
AA15	Regional: Redwood Protection & Salmon Fishery Conservation	-	35,269	3,110,818
AA17	Regional: Complete Upper Stevens Creek Trail	-	-	2,386,441
AA18	South Bay Foothills: Saratoga-to-Sea Trail & Wildlife Corridor	-	429,791	1,164,189
AA19	El Sereno Dog Park & Connections	-	1,085,237	1,564,764
AA20	South Bay Foothills: Wildlife Passage/Ridge Trail Improvements	-	610,596	1,181,211
AA21	Bear Creek Redwoods: Public Recreation & Interpretive Projects	-	1,305,950	11,236,434
AA22	Sierra Azul: Cathedral Oaks Public Access & Conservation Projects	14,368	18,880	1,259,164
AA23	Sierra Azul: Mt Umunhum Public Access & Interpretation Projects	-	1,098	22,976,801
AA24	Sierra Azul: Rancho de Guadalupe Family Recreation	-	-	1,591,996
AA25	Sierra Azul: Loma Prieta Area Public Access, Regional Trails/Habitat Projects	-	1,684,933	2,095,083
	Total MAA Bond Project Expenditures	18,929	12,406,218	82,320,188
	Reimbursements from Grants, Contributions, and Other Funds	-	(2,482,991)	(7,296,691)
	Total MAA Bond Project Expenditures - Net Reimbursements	$ 18,929	$ 9,923,227	$ 75,023,497

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District
Notes to Supplementary Information
June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BACKGROUND

Measure AA is a $300 million general obligation bond approved in June 2014 by over two-thirds of Midpen voters. Proceeds from bonds, which will be sold in a series over approximately the next 20-30 years, will be used to:

- Protect natural open space lands
- Open preserves or areas of preserves that are currently closed
- Construct public access improvements such as new trails and staging areas
- Restore and enhance open space land, which includes forests, streams, watersheds, and coastal ranch areas.

On July 29, 2015, the District issued $40,000,000 of 2015A general obligation bonds and $5,000,000 of 2015B federally taxable general obligation bonds to finance certain projects authorized by voters. The bonds bear interest from 1.5% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of $2,559,224 with an underwriter's discount of $107,599 and issuance costs of $170,000.

On February 1, 2018, the District issued $50,000,000 of 2018 general obligation bonds to finance 25 projects specified in Measure AA. The bonds bear interest from 2% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of $3,691,291 with an issuance costs of $455,462.

Land acquisition is the first step to open space conservation. The Vision Plan identified 50,000 acres of open space land that, when conserved, would significantly improve wildlife conditions, wetlands, watersheds, creeks, sensitive plant communities and healthy outdoor recreation. As of June 30, 2021, the District has acquired and / or preserved over 1,700 acres of land with $24 million in funding support from Measure AA Funds.

NOTE 2 - OVERISGHT COMMITTEE

The Oversight Committee is essential to implementing Measure AA and will consist of seven at-large members who reside within the District. The Committee convenes at least once a year and reviews annual Measure AA expenditures and Midpen's Annual Audit and Accountability report. Each year, the Committee's findings will be presented to the Board at a public meeting and will be posted on the District's website.

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basis of accounting utilized in preparation of this report may differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, the accompanying program statement is not intended to present the financial position and the results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Expenditures incurred with Measure AA Bond proceeds are recorded on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized when it is measurable and available. Similarly, expenses are recognized when they are incurred, not when they are paid.

MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

Other Independent Auditor's Reports

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Chavan and Associates, llp
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors
of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District
Los Altos, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

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material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

November 22, 2021
San Jose, California

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RESOLUTION NO. 21-___

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE DISTRICT APPROVING THE TRANSFER OF FUNDS FROM THE GENERAL FUND UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE INTO THE COMMITTED FOR INFRASTRUCTURE RESERVE FUND, THE COMMITTED FOR CAPITAL MAINTENANCE FUND, AND THE COMMITTED FOR FUTURE ACQUISITION/CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

WHEREAS, the Unassigned Fund Balance of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District is $24,973,643 as of June 30, 2021; and

WHEREAS, per Board Policy 3.07, *Fund Balance Policy*, the minimum required Unassigned Fund Balance of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District is 30% of the Budgeted General Fund Tax Revenue, which is equivalent to $17,333,573 as of July 1, 2021, leaving available unassigned funds in the amount of $7,640,070; and

WHEREAS, the District is continuing with construction and renovation of its new Administrative Office and expects to acquire and/or construct a future staff facility in the Coastal Area; and

WHEREAS, given the construction market and inflation, the District is anticipated to incur future costs for the maintenance of its capital assets; and

WHEREAS, the District expects to require further funding in order to continue its program of land acquisition and the construction of future capital projects; and

WHEREAS, the General Manager recommends allocating unassigned funds from the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance in order to increase the Committed for Infrastructure Reserve Fund for acquisition and/or construction of District facilities, particularly in the Coastal Area; the Assigned for Ongoing Capital Projects Fund to provide financing for ongoing capital projects; and the Committed for Capital Maintenance & Repair Fund for the future costs to be incurred for the maintenance, repair and replacement of District assets.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board of Directors of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District does resolve as follows:

SECTION ONE. The following transfers are approved, and the General Manager or designee is authorized to implement said transfers as follows: $3,500,000 from the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance to the Committed for Infrastructure Reserve Fund; $1,750,000 from the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance to the Committed for Capital Maintenance & Repair Fund; and $1,750,000 from the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance to the Committed for Future Acquisitions & Capital Projects Fund.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Directors of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District on ______, 2021, at a regular meeting thereof, by the following vote:

AYES:
NOES:
ABSTAIN:
ABSENT:

ATTEST: **APPROVED:**

Larry Hassett, Secretary
Board of Directors

Curt Riffle, President
Board of Directors

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Hilary Stevenson, General Counsel

I, the District Clerk of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District, hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of a resolution duly adopted by the Board of Directors of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District by the above vote at a meeting thereof duly held and called on the above day.

Jennifer Woodworth, District Clerk